# MySQL 8.2 Release Notes

#### **Abstract**

This document contains release notes for the changes in MySQL 8.2. For information about changes in a different version of MySQL, see the release notes for that version.

For additional MySQL 8.2 documentation, see the MySQL 8.2 Reference Manual, which includes an overview of features added in MySQL 8.2 (What Is New in MySQL 8.2), and discussion of upgrade issues that you may encounter for upgrades from MySQL 8.1 to MySQL 8.2 (Changes in MySQL 8.2).

Before upgrading to MySQL 8.2, review the information in https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/8.2/en/upgrading.html and perform any recommended actions. Perform the upgrade on a test system first to make sure everything works smoothly, and then on the production system.

Downgrade from MySQL 8.2 to MySQL 8.1, or from a MySQL 8.2 release to a previous MySQL 8.2 release, is not supported. The only supported alternative is to restore a backup taken before upgrading. It is therefore imperative that you back up your data before starting the upgrade process.

MySQL platform support evolves over time; please refer to https://www.mysql.com/support/supportedplatforms/database.html for the latest updates.

Updates to these notes occur as new product features are added, so that everybody can follow the development process. If a recent version is listed here that you cannot find on the download page (https://dev.mysql.com/downloads/), the version has not yet been released.

The documentation included in source and binary distributions may not be fully up to date with respect to release note entries because integration of the documentation occurs at release build time. For the most up-to-date release notes, please refer to the online documentation instead.

For legal information, see the Legal Notices.

For help with using MySQL, please visit the MySQL Forums, where you can discuss your issues with other MySQL users.

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# **Preface and Legal Notices**

This document contains release notes for the changes in MySQL 8.2.

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# Changes in MySQL 8.2.0 (2023-10-25, Innovation Release)

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### **Audit Log Notes**

 Added the new audit\_log\_filter\_uninstall.sql script to simplify removing MySQL Enterprise Audit. For information about this plugin, see MySQL Enterprise Audit. (Bug #35611072)

### **Authentication Notes**

• The mysql\_native\_password plugin, which was deprecated previously, now is no longer mandatory and can be disabled at server startup. For information about this plugin, see Native Pluggable Authentication. For general information about pluggable authentication and other available authentication plugins, see Pluggable Authentication and Authentication Plugins.



#### Caution

If the server-side mysql\_native\_password authentication method is disabled, older client accounts that use the client-side plugin (prior to MySQL 5.5 and possibly MySQL 5.6) are no longer able to connect and the server writes an "Access denied" message to the error log. These connections are no longer possible because, although the protocol remains compatible, the authentication method supported by the client is missing.

(WL #15667)

 MySQL Enterprise Edition now supports authentication to MySQL Server using devices such as smart cards, security keys, and biometric readers in a WebAuthn context. The new WebAuthn authentication method is based on the FIDO and FIDO2 standards. It uses a pair of plugins, authentication\_webauthn on the server side and authentication\_webauthn\_client on the client side. The server-side WebAuthn authentication plugin is included only in MySQL Enterprise Edition distributions. For additional information, see WebAuthn Pluggable Authentication.

The pluggable FIDO authentication method is deprecated with the introduction of WebAuthn authentication. (WL #15006)

#### **C API Notes**

- The client library now supports the use of query attributes in prepared statements with the introduction of mysql\_stmt\_bind\_named\_param(), a new C API prepared statement function. mysql\_stmt\_bind\_named\_param() replaces the now deprecated mysql\_stmt\_bind\_param() function. Unlike mysql\_stmt\_bind\_param(), mysql\_stmt\_bind\_named\_param() enables binding both unnamed and named parameters of a prepared statement. For an overview of the interface, see C API Prepared Statement Interface. (Bug #35435138, WL #15803)
- Earlier distributions, such as MySQL 5.1 and MySQL 5.0, included servers that did not advertise
  pluggable authentication. When a newer client using any pluggable authentication method attempted
  to connect to one of these older servers, the server emitted a "bad handshake" error message. This

fix now ensures that client-side authentication (specifically, the --default-auth option) works properly for all servers, including those that do not support pluggable authentication. In addition, mysql\_native\_password now replaces caching\_sha2\_password as the default authentication method when the server does not support pluggable authentication. (Bug #90994, Bug #28082093)

The mysql\_ssl\_set() C API function is deprecated and subject to removal in a future MySQL release. There are equivalent mysql\_options() TLS options for all mysql\_ssl\_set() parameters. (WL #11091)

### **Compilation Notes**

- Microsoft Windows: Updated code to compile with the latest MSVC 2022 version, v17.7.2. (Bug #35737379)
- Removed the MYSQL\_PARSE\_ARGUMENTS macro and the obsolete support-files/ compiler\_warnings.sup file. (Bug #35661316)
- Setting the WITH\_CURL CMake option to bundled now uses the bundled curl distribution in extra/curl/. (Bug #35649213)
- Removed CMake configuration definitions related to the 32-bit architecture as 32-bit is not supported as
  of MySQL 8.1.0. (Bug #35621081)
- Fixed RPATH definitions in the CMake code for telemetry\_client and component\_telemetry so they'll build properly with debug mode enabled. (Bug #35598485)
- Increased the minimum required CMake version from 3.5.1 to 3.14.6. (Bug #35553331)
- Very long path names of keyring\_encrypted\_file source files were shortened to conform with the 256-character limit established by Windows compilers. (Bug #35493420)
- Improved ASAN for clang support on Windows. (Bug #35468711)
- Compiling on macOS would explicitly look for openssl@1.1 but now looks for the generic openssl symlink to also allow openssl@3. (Bug #35468370)
- Fixed the WITH\_DEVELOPER\_ENTITLEMENTS macOS CMake option; it did not activate due to a typo. (Bug #35374026)
- Added experimental C++20 compiler support for Linux. Usage requires GCC 10+ or Clang 11+. (Bug #35362952, Bug #35667284)
- Simplified the way OpenSSL is imported by utilizing the standard CMake OpenSSL::SSL and OpenSSL::Crypto libraries. The "system" type uses FIND\_PACKAGE, alternative system types use pkgconfig, and custom paths utilize FIND\_PATH/FIND\_FILE/FIND\_LIBRARY. (Bug #35140672)
- Fixed a string concatenation warning produced when compiling with Clang 12. (Bug #111614, Bug #35549962)
- Made additional improvements to WITH\_ZLIB functionality.
  - Thanks to Nikolai Kostrigin for the contribution. (Bug #111549, Bug #35534309)
- Building with WITH\_PROTOBUF=system failed with Protobuf 22 or newer due to Protobuf 22 adding the Abseil dependency. (Bug #111469, Bug #111623, Bug #35546459, Bug #35550389)
- Building with WITH\_ZLIB="system" would break the MySQL build as it failed to find ZLIB.

Thanks to Amazon for the contribution. (Bug #111467, Bug #35511210)

References: This issue is a regression of: Bug #35057542.

 On EL7 aarch64-based platforms, fixed an issue related to how fetching the CPU cache line size returned 0 that caused the MySQL server to unexpectedly halt. (Bug #110752, Bug #35479763)

References: See also: Bug #107081, Bug #34095278.

• The C++ Standardization Committee's Library Working Group recently resolved an issue (LWG-3865 Sorting a range of pairs) which changes how the comparison operators are defined for std::pair. This fix updates the equality operator used in two files in sql/auth to align with this change.

Based on a suggestion by the Microsoft Visual Studio team. (Bug #110254, Bug #35137978)

## **Deprecation and Removal Notes**

- Incompatible Change: The WAIT\_UNTIL\_SQL\_THREAD\_AFTER\_GTIDS() SQL function, deprecated in MySQL 8.0 (see Changes in MySQL 8.0.18 (2019-10-14, General Availability)), has been removed; attempting to invoke it now causes a syntax error. Use WAIT\_FOR\_EXECUTED\_GTID\_SET() instead. (WL #13180)
- Replication: The binlog\_transaction\_dependency\_tracking server system variable is now deprecated, and subject to removal in a future version of MySQL. Setting or retrieving the value of this variable now triggers a warning, as does using the equivalent startup option --binlog-transaction-dependency-tracking. Applications depending on this variable (or option) should begin migrating away from it as soon as possible. No replacement for this variable or its functionality is planned or needed. (WL #13964)
- The expire\_logs\_days server system variable, which was deprecated in MySQL 8.0, has now been removed, and is no longer supported. This means that, beginning with this release, any attempt to get or set this variable at runtime results in an error. Trying to start the server while employing the equivalent startup option (--expire-logs-days) is also now rejected with an error.

Use binlog\_expire\_logs\_seconds rather than expire\_logs\_days; this variable continues to be supported, and allows you to specify expiration periods in units other than an integral number of days. (WL #11006)

• The deprecated server startup options --abort-slave-event-count and --disconnect-slave-event-count, deprecated in MySQL 8.0, have been removed in this release. Attempting to start mysqld with either of these options now results in an error.

These options were formerly used in testing; no replacement for them is planned. (WL #14854)

- The old and new server system variables are now deprecated, and a warning is now issued whenever
  either of these variables is set or read. Expect these variables are to be removed in a future version
  of MySQL; applications which rely on them should migrate away from such dependencies as soon as
  possible. (WL #8609)
- The --character-set-client-handshake server option, originally intended for use with upgrades from very old versions of MySQL, is now deprecated, and a warning is issued whenever it is used. You should expect this option to be removed in a future version of MySQL; applications depending on this option should begin migration away from it as soon as possible. (WL #13220)
- Two changes in this release affect granting of privileges in MySQL. One of these changes impacts database grants; the other concerns host names used in grants. These changes are listed here:

1. **Database-level grants.** The use of the characters % and \_ as wildcards in database-level grants is now deprecated, and you should expect for this wildcard functionality to be removed in a future MySQL release. The intent is for these characters always to be treated as literals, as they are already whenever the value of the <a href="mailto:partial\_revokes">partial\_revokes</a> server system variable is ON.

For example, with partial\_revokes set to ON, GRANT SELECT ON db\_.\* TO user1 allows user1 to select from any table in a database named db\_, but does *not* allow user1 to select from tables in databases db1, db2, dbx, dby, and so on. You should expect this always to be the case once support for wildcards in database names in grants is removed.

2. **Host name '%' in grants.** The treatment of % by the server as a synonym for localhost when checking privileges is now also deprecated and thus also subject to removal in a future version of MySQL.

Currently, privileges granted to 'user1'@'%' are also granted to 'user1'@'localhost'. This automatic assignment is now deprecated; once the behavior is removed, it will be necessary always to grant privileges to 'user1'@'localhost' explicitly, using the localhost host name.



#### **Note**

In both of the cases listed, no warnings or errors are raised in the user session or logs, since doing so could very quickly produce a great many such messages.

(WL #14280, WL #15676)

• INFORMATION\_SCHEMA.PROCESSLIST is deprecated and subject to removal in a future MySQL release. As such, the implementation of SHOW PROCESSLIST which uses that table is also deprecated.

It is recommended to use the Performance Schema implementation of SHOW PROCESSLIST instead. As such, performance\_schema\_show\_processlist is also deprecated and subject to removal in a future MySQL release. (WL #15915)

- The SET\_USER\_ID privilege is deprecated and is subject to removal in a future version of MySQL. When SET\_USER\_ID is granted using GRANT, a SQL warning informs you of the deprecation status. It is now superseded by these new privileges:
  - SET\_ANY\_DEFINER for definer object creation.
  - ALLOW\_NONEXISTENT\_DEFINER for orphan object protection.

Both of the new privileges are required to produce orphaned SQL objects using CREATE PROCEDURE, CREATE FUNCTION, CREATE TRIGGER, CREATE EVENT, or CREATE VIEW.

During an upgrade of MySQL Server, these privileges coexist as follows:

- If none of the user accounts has SET\_ANY\_DEFINER or ALLOW\_NONEXISTENT\_DEFINER granted, then all user accounts with SET\_USER\_ID granted are also granted SET\_ANY\_DEFINER and ALLOW\_NONEXISTENT\_DEFINER. The SET\_USER\_ID privilege remains granted.
- The existing assignment of SET\_USER\_ID to all SUPER holders, if none of the existing accounts has it, changes to grant SET\_ANY\_DEFINER and ALLOW\_NONEXISTENT\_DEFINER only if none of the user accounts has SET\_ANY\_DEFINER, ALLOW\_NONEXISTENT\_DEFINER, or SET\_USER\_ID.

At runtime, when the ACL tables are read (as with FLUSH PRIVILEGES, a server startup, and so on) and a SET\_USER\_ID grant is sourced, a warning message is added to the error log detailing the account SET\_USER\_ID receiving the grant. (WL #15874)

- Support for the TLS\_AES\_128\_CCM\_8\_SHA256 ciphersuite now is deprecated and subject to removal in a future version of MySQL. Any attempt to set it using either the tls\_ciphersuites or admin\_tls\_ciphersuites system variable now returns a warning. By default, both system variables accept these ciphersuites:
  - TLS\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
  - TLS AES 256 GCM SHA384
  - TLS CHACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256
  - TLS AES 128 CCM SHA256

Several previously supported ciphers now are deprecated and subject to removal in a future version of MySQL. If the deprecated ciphers are specified using either the ssl\_cipher or admin\_ssl\_cipher system variable, then a warning now is issued. By default, both system variables accept these ciphers:

- ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-CCM
- ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-CCM
- DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- DHE-RSA-AES256-CCM
- DHE-RSA-AES128-CCM
- DHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305

(WL #15800)

### **Firewall Notes**

- MySQL Enterprise Firewall now permits its memory cache to be reloaded periodically with data stored in the firewall tables. Previous implementations reloaded the cache only at server startup or when the server-side plugin was reinstalled. The new mysql\_firewall\_reload\_interval\_seconds system variable sets up the schedule to use to reload table data at runtime, or it disables the reload capability (default). For an overview, see Scheduling Firewall Cache Reloads. (WL #15696)
- MySQL Enterprise Firewall previously stored internal tables, functions, and stored procedures in the mysql system database. Now, the new mysql\_firewall\_database server system variable enables specifying a custom schema to use with the existing installation scripts and at server startup.

A new script, uninstall\_firewall.sql, now simplifies removing the firewall (see Installing or Uninstalling MySQL Enterprise Firewall). (WL #15655)

### **SQL Function and Operator Notes**

• The STR\_TO\_DATE() function did not perform complete range checking on the string to be converted, so that it was possible to pass to it a string which would yield an invalid date, such as '2021-11-31'. (Bug #108782, Bug #34704094)

### Parallel Event Execution (Multithreaded Replica)

• The START REPLICA statement's SQL\_AFTER\_GTIDS option is now fully compatible with the multithreaded applier.

Previously, when MTA was enabled (that is, whenever replica\_parallel\_workers was set greater than 1), and the user attempted to use this option, the statement raised the warning ER\_MTS\_FEATURE\_IS\_NOT\_SUPPORTED, and the replica was switched to single-threaded mode. Now this is no longer an issue, and a replica which needs to catch up with missing transactions can do so while taking advantage of the performance benefits of multithreading.

See START REPLICA Statement, and the documentation for the replica\_parallel\_workers system variable, for more information. (WL #15755)

### **Optimizer Notes**

• Performance of statements using the set operations EXCEPT and INTERSECT is improved using a new hash table optimization which is enabled automatically for such statements. To cause the optimizer to revert to the temporary table optimization used in previous versions of MySQL, set the <a href="https://hash\_set\_operations">hash\_set\_operations</a> optimizer switch introduced in this release to off. The amount of memory allocated for this optimization can be controlled by setting the value of the <a href="https://set.operations\_buffer\_size">set.operations\_buffer\_size</a> server system variable; increasing the buffer size can further improve execution times of some statements using these operations.

For more information, see Switchable Optimizations. (WL #15257)

## **Packaging Notes**

- On Windows, the MSI package definition files were updated to work with the Windows Installer XML (WiX) toolset version 4. Note that they can no longer be used with previous versions of the toolset. (Bug #35613791)
- The bundled libedit library was upgraded to version 20221030-3.1. (Bug #35489173)

#### **Performance Schema Notes**

- The SUM\_ROWS\_EXAMINED column of the Performance Schema events\_statements\_summary\_by\_digest table did not provide a correct count of rows for Index Merge. (Bug #35616015)
- Under certain circumstances, if an out of memory condition occurred during Performance Schema initialization, the server closed unexpectedly during the cleanup process. (Bug #111860, Bug #35635853)
- The Performance Schema Server Telemetry Metrics service is added in this release. An interface which provides plugins and components a way to query telemetry meters (metric groups), metrics, and metric measurements, in order to periodically export these measurements using Open Telemetry protocol.

For more information on this interface, see the *Server telemetry metrics service* section in the MySQL Source Code documentation.

The following were added:

- Status variables:
  - Telemetry\_metrics\_supported
  - Performance\_schema\_meter\_lost
  - Performance\_schema\_metric\_lost
- System variables:
  - performance\_schema\_max\_meter\_classes
  - performance\_schema\_max\_metric\_classes
- Performance Schema tables:
  - setup metrics
  - setup\_meters

The following was changed:

• The default value of performance\_schema\_max\_rwlock\_classes has changed from 60 to 100 to better accommodate the growing number of rwlocks.

See Telemetry. (WL #15199)

## **Security Notes**

 Binary packages that include curl rather than linking to the system curl library have been upgraded to use curl 8.4.0. Important issues fixed in curl version 8.4.0 are described at https://curl.se/docs/ security.html. (Bug #35897778)

References: See also: Bug #35709229.

### **Server Administration**

- Added the following types of messages to the server startup and shutdown processes as noted in this list:
  - Start and end messages for server initialization when the server is started with --initialize or -initialize-insecure; these are in addition to and distinct from those shown during normal server
    startup and shutdown.
  - Start and end messages for InnoDB initialization.
  - Start and end messages for init file execution during server initialization.
  - Start and end messages for for execution of compiled-in statements during server initialization.
  - Start and end mesages for crash recovery during server startup (if crash recovery occurs).

- Start and end messages for initialization of dynamic plugins during server startup.
- Start and end messages for components initialization step (apparent during server startup).
- Messages for shutdown of replica threads, as well as graceful and forceful shutdown of connection threads, during server shutdown.
- Start and end messages for shutdown of plugins and components during server shutdown.
- Exit code (return value) information with shutdown messages during initialization or shutdown.

In addition, if the server was built using WITH\_SYSTEMD, the server now includes every systemd message in the error log (see The Error Log). (WL #15400)

## **SQL Syntax Notes**

Replication: This release continues work done previously releases to update terminology used in
features relating to MySQL Replication. MySQL 8.2 deprecates a number of SQL statements, including
RESET MASTER (use RESET BINARY LOGS AND GTIDS instead), SHOW MASTER STATUS (use SHOW
BINARY LOG STATUS), SHOW MASTER LOGS (use SHOW BINARY LOGS), and PURGE MASTER LOGS
(use PURGE BINARY LOGS). In addition, the DISABLE ON SLAVE option for CREATE EVENT and
ALTER EVENT is now deprecated, and is superseded by DISABLE ON REPLICA.

Related changes include the following:

• mysqldump adds an option --output-as-version which defines the level of terminology used in the dump for statements relating to replicas and events, making it possible to create dumps that are compatible with previous versions of MySQL that accept only terminology that is now deprecated. Possible values for this option are SERVER, BEFORE 8 0 23, and BEFORE 8 2 0.

The default is SERVER, which causes mysqldump to obtain the server version and output commands that are compatible with that version; this means that, if the server version is previous to 8.2.0, the output contains deprecated DISABLE ON SLAVE terminology for events, and if it is previous to 8.0.23, the output also uses the deprecated SLAVE and MASTER terminology for statements used on replicas. If --output-as-version is set to BEFORE\_8\_2\_0, SHOW CREATE EVENT shows how the event would have been created in a server of a version previous to 8.2.0. If the option is set to BEFORE\_8\_0\_23, the dump also uses deprecated statements for replicas such as START SLAVE and CHANGE MASTER TO.

This change affects the output of --events, --dump-replica, --source-data, --apply-replica-statements, and --include-source-host-port.

- A new value BEFORE\_8\_2\_0 is added for the terminology\_use\_previous server system variable. Setting the variable to this value causes the server to print DISABLE ON SLAVE (now deprecated) instead of DISABLE ON REPLICA in the output of SHOW CREATE EVENT. This is also now done when terminology\_use\_previous is BEFORE\_8\_0\_26, in addition to those effects it already had previously.
- The term SLAVESIDE\_DISABLED is now deprecated, and no longer used in event descriptions such as in the Information Schema EVENTS table; REPLICA\_SIDE\_DISABLED is now shown instead. This can be overridden using terminology use previous.
- The Com\_show\_master\_status system status variable is renamed to Com\_show\_binary\_log\_status. The previous name is deprecated but remains supported for backwards compatibility.

(WL #14190)

• EXPLAIN now supports a FOR SCHEMA or FOR DATABASE option which causes the statement to be analyzed as if it had been run in the database specified by the option. The database must exist and the user must have the necessary privileges to access it.

The syntax is as shown here, where stmt is an explainable statement:

```
EXPLAIN [options] FOR SCHEMA schema_name stmt
```

This causes stmt to be run as if schema name were the current database.

This option is incompatible with FOR CONNECTION; the two cannot be used together in the same EXPLAIN statement.

For more information and examples, see Obtaining Execution Plan Information. (WL #15785)

### **Functionality Added or Changed**

- **Incompatible Change:** Upgraded the bundled libfido2 library to libfido2 v1.13.0. This libfido2 version requires OpenSSL 1.1.1 or higher, which means the authentication\_fido and authentication\_fido\_client authentication plugins are no longer available on the following platforms: Enterprise Linux 6 and 7, Solaris 11, and SLES 12. (Bug #35685515)
- Important Change: For platforms on which OpenSSL libraries are bundled, the linked OpenSSL library for MySQL Server has been updated to version 3.0.10. Issues fixed in OpenSSL version 3.0.10 are described at https://www.openssl.org/news/cl30.txt. (Bug #35702863, Bug #35732474)
- Important Change: Added support for Debian 12, Fedora 39, macOS 14, and Ubuntu 23.10. For macOS, the macOS 13 binaries were tested on macOS 14.
- For mysqldump: added an --ignore-views option to skip table views in the generated dump file.

Our thanks to Meta for the contribution. (Bug #30284943, WL #15662)

• For mysqldump: added --init-command and --init-command-add options to allow executing SQL statements after connecting or reconnecting to the MySQL server.

Our thanks to Meta for the contribution. (Bug #27411227, WL #15662)

• For mysql: added an --init-command-add option that adds an additional SQL statement to execute after connecting or reconnecting to the MySQL server. It's similar to the --init-command option.

Our thanks to Meta for the contribution. (Bug #27411227, WL #15662)

• Added a new --no-login-paths command-line option that disables login paths from being processed. It was added to each MySQL client that has the --login-path option. (WL #12429)

## **Bugs Fixed**

• **Performance:** records\_in\_range performed an excessive number of disk reads for insert operations.

Our thanks to Facebook for the contribution. (Bug #109595, Bug #34976138)

• InnoDB: If a MySQL table in a system schema had an INSTANT ADD column that was added before 8.0.29 (they are not allowed as of that version), and after MySQL was upgraded to a version greater than 8.0.29, DMLs on these tables would result in the server unexpectedly closing.

Our thanks to Richard Dang for the contribution. (Bug #35625510)

- InnoDB: Improved innodb\_doublewrite related error messages. (Bug #35482724)
- InnoDB: Fixed processing of single character tokens by a FTS parser plugin.

Our thanks to Shaohua Wang for the contribution. (Bug #35432973)

- InnoDB: Improved flush handling, to help make sure flushing is correctly and uniformly handled throughout the code. (Bug #35385801)
- InnoDB: While innodb\_redo\_log\_capacity\_update changed log capacity and waited for the next governor thread iteration to finish, the governor thread was not always aware of the change if it was already running in parallel. The log\_files\_wait\_until\_next\_governor\_iteration routine in this case just waited for the current iteration to finish. Now it waits for a full iteration to complete. (Bug #35145188)
- InnoDB: If an index creation attempt was interrupted by 'kill query', InnoDB would not always attempt to
  drop the index being created if another thread referenced the table; and when the other reference was
  held by the stats background thread. This would raise an assertion error. (Bug #34823462)

References: This issue is a regression of: Bug #33399379.

- InnoDB: B-tree validation could exceed the maximum wait time for large tables with debug mode enabled. (Bug #34411425)
- InnoDB: On Windows, the redo log file was not flushed even with innodb\_flush\_log\_at\_trx\_commit=1. (Bug #112078, Bug #35713721)
- InnoDB: Fixed a potential transaction rollback issue stemming from the ALTER TABLE EXCHANGE PARTITIONS statement. (Bug #110869, Bug #35352168)

References: This issue is a regression of: Bug #33700835.

- InnoDB: When creating full-text indexes spanning multiple columns, index creation could fail with an
  error similar to "ERROR 1062 (23000): Duplicate entry 'NULL-NULL'." (Bug #109242, Bug #33542939,
  Bug #34846823)
- InnoDB: The last detected deadlock section of the engine status log was only showing 1024 characters for the combined thread and query information. Fixing by removing the printed query string limit. (Bug #80927, Bug #23036096)
- Replication: Memory used by binary log compression was not instrumented. (Bug #35290223)
- Replication: The server did not honor the setting for the binlog\_transaction\_compression\_level\_zstd server system variable. (Bug #34833913)
- Replication: The first and last transaction timestamps for the relay log showed incorrect values when querying the performance\_schema.binary\_log\_transaction\_compression\_stats table. This was due to direct use of my\_getsystime() to populate the first\_transaction\_timestamp and last\_transaction\_timestamp columns in binary\_log\_transaction\_compression\_stats; this function returns the timestamp value multiplied by 10, leading to the incorrect column values. We fix this by dividing the value returned by my\_getsystime() by 10 before propagating it. (Bug #32022794)
- Replication: For large transactions ( greater than 4GB ) and very small values of
   MASTER\_HEARTBEAT\_PERIOD, it was possible for the heartbeat event to be sent before binary log
   rotation could complete, causing RESET REPLICA and similar statements affecting the replica to hang.
   (Bug #111149, Bug #35431274)

- Replication: To detect dependencies and conflicts among transactions, MySQL Replication uses writesets which are extracted from keys that are NOT NULL (primary keys by definition, as well as unique and foreign keys which are NOT NULL) whenever binlog\_format is ROW and transaction\_write\_set\_extraction is enabled (the default in both cases). In the case of multicolumn unique keys using only the leading parts of column values (see Column Prefix Key Parts), the writesets were not properly generated, which sometimes led to spurious duplicate key errors; this was due to the fact that the whole values of referenced key columns were added to the writeset in such cases, even though the keys themselves referenced only the column prefix. (Bug #111027, Bug #35404584)
- **Group Replication:** Removed a memory leak found in the internal function call\_gr\_incoming\_connection\_cb(). (Bug #111529, Bug #35526671)
- Microsoft Windows: On Windows, MySQL Configurator no longer adds the deprecated sync-relay-loginfo system variable to the generated my.ini. (Bug #35500581)
- Microsoft Windows: On Windows, MySQL Configurator showed "Next" instead of "Finish" on the "Apply Configuration" wizard page to finalize the configuration process. (Bug #112069, Bug #35709559)
- Following a change made in MySQL 8.0.23, in some cases where GROUP\_CONCAT() had previously returned NULL, it did so no longer. (Bug #35730982)

References: This issue is a regression of: Bug #32053547.

- Conversion of some subquery predicates to antijoins was not handled correctly. (Bug #35710378)
  - References: This issue is a regression of: Bug #35184353.
- When no rows matched the WHERE condition of a query, the results of the query as prepared (using PREPARE) differed from those of the same query when run directly. (Bug #35689804)
- It was not possible to pass configuration options to the telemetry\_client from the command line.

Also, the telemetry\_client configuration options trace and help were renamed to otel-trace and otel-help. (Bug #35616866)

• A subquery in the inner expression of a semijoin caused the containing query to be rejected with Internal error: Key not found. (Bug #35535934)

References: See also: Bug #31401468, Bug #34453026.

- Removed an assertion in strings/ctype-ucs2.cc. (Bug #35512282)
- The transformation of correlated scalar subqueries to a join with a derived table added a redundant ANY\_VALUE() wrapper to a GROUP BY column. (Bug #35507109)
- Some queries using INTERSECT were not always processed correctly. (Bug #35504625)

References: See also: Bug #35362424.

- In some cases, the QUOTE() function returned binary data rather than the expected NULL. (Bug #35499232)
- The server did not always apply the subquery-to-derived transformation correctly to correlated subqueries. (Bug #35497723)
- On Fedora, fixed MySQL Cluster 8.1.0 packages to not reference non-Cluster MySQL packages as dependencies. (Bug #35495002)

 With AddressSanitizer enabled (compiled with -WITH\_ASAN=true), ASAN complained and caused MySQL to unexpectedly halt if a MySQL client in interactive mode encountered a dollar sign as the first character. (Bug #35493484)

References: This issue is a regression of: Bug #35303407.

• For the REPEAT() function we may evaluate the count argument during resolution if it is determined to be constant, but due to query rewriting introducing cached values, it was possible for the argument to be evaluated differently at resolution time and at run time.

We fix this by performing count evaluation for REPEAT() in the same way as we do for RPAD() and LPAD(), using an unsigned integer rather than a signed integer for the value. (Bug #35489153)

- Previously, executing audit\_log\_rotate() manually could cause the function to appear
  unresponsive when the output performance was low, the workload on the server was heavy, and the
  audit\_log\_strategy system variable had a write strategy of ASYNCHRONOUS or PERFORMANCE. (Bug
  #35397216)
- In some cases the QUOTE() function returned NULL even though it had previously been resolved as non-nullable. (Bug #35381715)

References: See also: Bug #35145246, Bug #35195181.

- When sql\_mode included PAD\_CHAR\_TO\_FULL\_LENGTH, a GRANT EXECUTE ON PROCEDURE
  statement worked after it was first issued, but following FLUSH PRIVILEGES or a restart of the
  MySQL server, the user named in the GRANT statement could no longer execute the procedure. (Bug
  #35380295)
- When a backslash character was used to escape the '\_' wildcard character in a database name pattern
  inside the GRANT statement, the SHOW DATABASES and USE database\_name queries did not return the
  expected results. (Bug #35338567)
- A previous fix in MySQL 8.0.30 for a stored program that was not executed correctly following the first invocation did not cover the case where it contained a SET statement.

Our thanks to Hao Lu for the contribution. (Bug #35328028)

References: This issue is a regression of: Bug #33754993.

- Fixed or removed a number of improper references in the data dictionary and stored procedure code. (Bug #35325895, Bug #35325909, Bug #35325920, Bug #35325935)
- The MySQL command-line client with --comments=on was unable to properly process multi-line comments prior to MySQL built-in commands. (Bug #35290350)
- The internal Item\_typecast\_year class did not have its own print() member function override, which meant that some of the definitions shown for views, tables, or both could be malformed. (Bug #35244286)
- For a query with a derived condition pushdown where a column in the condition needs to be replaced, a matching item could not found, even when known to be present, when the replacement item was wrapped in a ROLLUP while the matching item was not. (Bug #35211828)

References: This issue is a regression of: Bug #33349994.

 An issue with stored functions was found to be a regression from work done previously to improve internal functions that are used in copying values between columns. (Bug #35150382) References: This issue is a regression of: Bug #32742537.

When a condition that needed to be pushed down to a derived table had one outer-referenced field and
another local to the query block, an assertion which checks for consistent dependency information for
referenced items did not hold good. This was because, after collecting information related to a field in an
expression, dependency and context were not cleared before collecting information for the next field in
the expression.

We fix this by clearing the dependency and context information before looking into a new field in the expression. (Bug #35102220)

- Updated the Kerberos library bundled with commercial builds to version 1.21.2. (Bug #35001935)
- If the probe input for a hash join is empty, we do not need to read the build input, because we already know that the result will be empty. We now therefore read from the probe input first when the join is a left join or an antijoin; for these join types we must read the probe input even if the build input is empty, although the converse is not true. (Bug #34940000)
- Some inserts on tables with triggers were not always handled correctly. (Bug #34920120)

References: See also: Bug #35178672, Bug #35195079.

- Some DESCRIBE statements using FORMAT = JSON were not always processed correctly, and sometimes raised assertions in debug builds. (Bug #34909766)
- Some complex queries using multiple common table expressions were not always handled correctly. (Bug #34900334)

References: This issue is a regression of: Bug #34377854.

- Some gueries with window functions were not pushed down correctly. (Bug #34778435)
- Row estimates for a SELECT DISTINCT query were the same as for an identical SELECT with no
  DISTINCT modifier. This distorted cost estimates, which could lead to choosing inefficient query plans.
  (Bug #34762651)
- Handled an unexpected condition which could arise during join optimization. (Bug #31401468)

References: See also: Bug #34350945.

- Execution of a prepared statement containing one or more common table expressions led to an assertion in debug builds. (Bug #111955, Bug #35671595)
- For Enterprise Linux, changed the krb5-devel build requirement from commercial to all builds. (Bug #111596, Bug #35546449)
- EXPLAIN FORMAT=TREE lost the subquery in a hash join.

Our thanks to Wen He and the Tencent team for the contribution. (Bug #111564, Bug #35537921)

- In some cases, an unexpected server exit followed a partitioning function error. (Bug #111443, Bug #35507164)
- When pushing a condition down to a derived table, we clone the condition, and, if the underlying field is
  a view reference (that is, a field from a merged derived table), we strip off the view reference and clone
  the expression that it references. When the underlying expression is a constant expression from a table
  that is on the inner side of an outer join, it cannot be treated as a normal constant because of the need

to generate NULL values. When we stripped off the view reference, this information was lost, leading to wrong results.

We fix this by avoiding condition pushdown for such cases. (Bug #111355, Bug #35634714)

- CREATE ROLE and DROP ROLE statements were not handled correctly when checking for orphaned SQL objects. (Bug #111303, Bug #35471453)
- A join on a BINARY column with a VARBINARY column of the same size, having matching values equal in size to that of the BINARY column in both columns, did not produce any matching rows. (Bug #111290, Bug #35467555)
- A case was found that was not handled by work done in MySQL 8.0.24 for supporting transforms of
  correlated scalar subqueries: When the scalar subquery is grouped in addition to being correlated,
  the transformation needs to check that—for each partition of the result set, as partitioned by the inner
  expression (columns) being added to the group by—there is at most one row in the derived table so
  constructed. (Bug #111189, Bug #35473657)
- For a user with no roles granted to it, any SET ROLE statement caused MySQL to forget all permissions associated directly with that user account until the session ongoing was terminated and a new one started. For example, a SHOW TABLES statement that succeeded previously was rejected following SET ROLE ALL, SET ROLE NONE, or SET ROLE DEFAULT because the user's privileges were no longer recognized. (Bug #110997, Bug #35386565)
- Clone\_Snapshot::extend\_and\_flush\_files() always created files of type OS\_CLONE\_DATA\_FILE. This function uses flush\_redo() to handle redo log files, which must be of type OS\_CLONE\_LOG\_FILE, which could sometimes lead to errors in os\_file\_set\_size().

This problem is now fixed by ensuring that the type is set correctly when creating the new file.

Our thanks to Tencent for the contribution. (Bug #110569, Bug #35240055)

 MySQL Server did not initialize correctly, using --initialize or --initialize-insecure, if autocommit was set to OFF. The sys schema was not present.

As of this release, non-default values of autocommit are ignored for this scenario. (Bug #110535, Bug #35254025)

 The low limit heuristic did not work well for ORDER BY DESC due to choosing the wrong index. (Bug #107626, Bug #34306497)